

NEW HULL-MOUNTED INSTRUMENTATION ON

RV"URANIA"

Dr. Fabio Trincardi

Director of CNR Institute of Marine Sciences (ISMAR)

and

Director of the italian "flagship" project RITMARE
f.trincardi@ismar.cnr.it

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IFREMER, Brittany Research Center

Plouzané (France)

29.03.2013

The Project

The goal:

install two complementary multibeam systems

- High resolution in shallow water (< 1000 m)
- Full Mediterranean depth (down to 3500 m)

The problem:

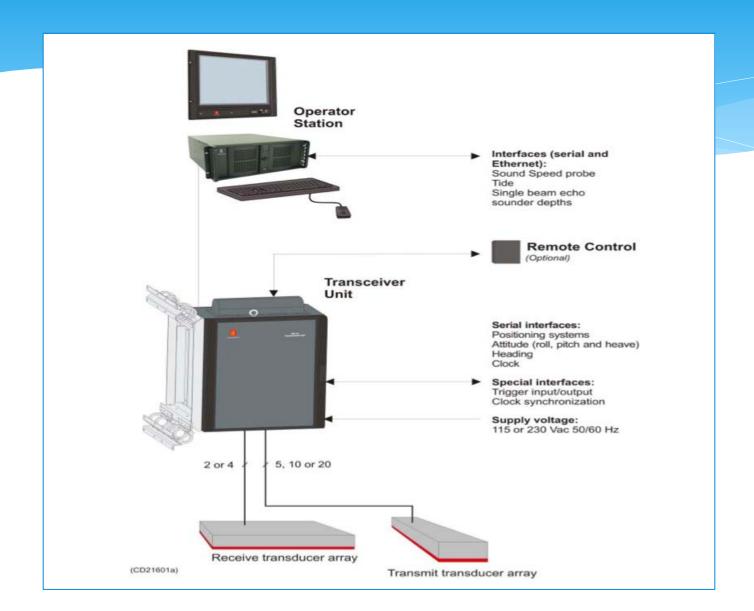
medium-size vessel (63m) with limited hull space

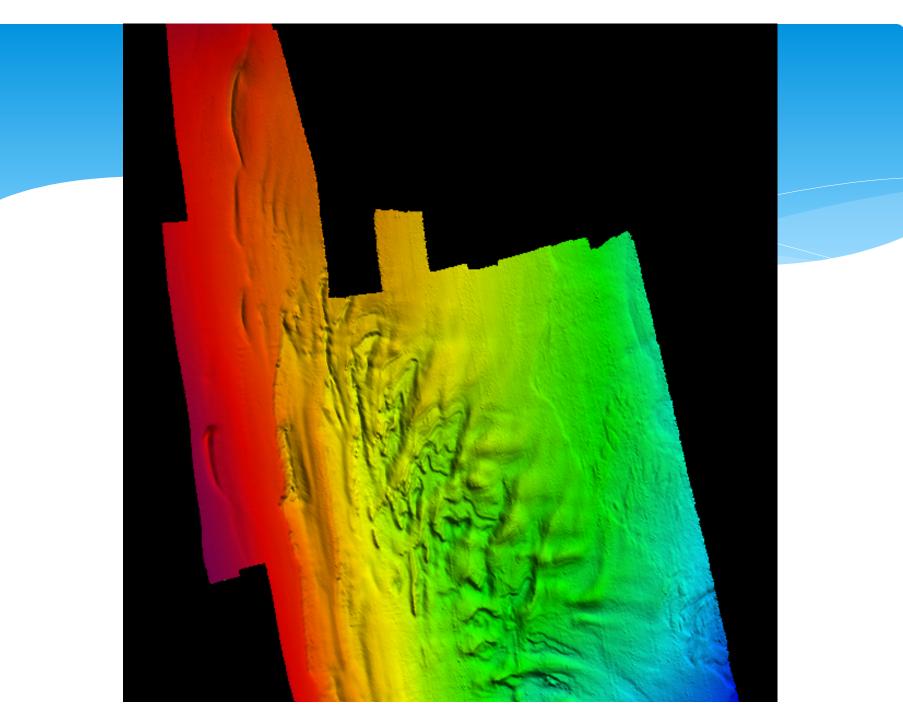
The solution:

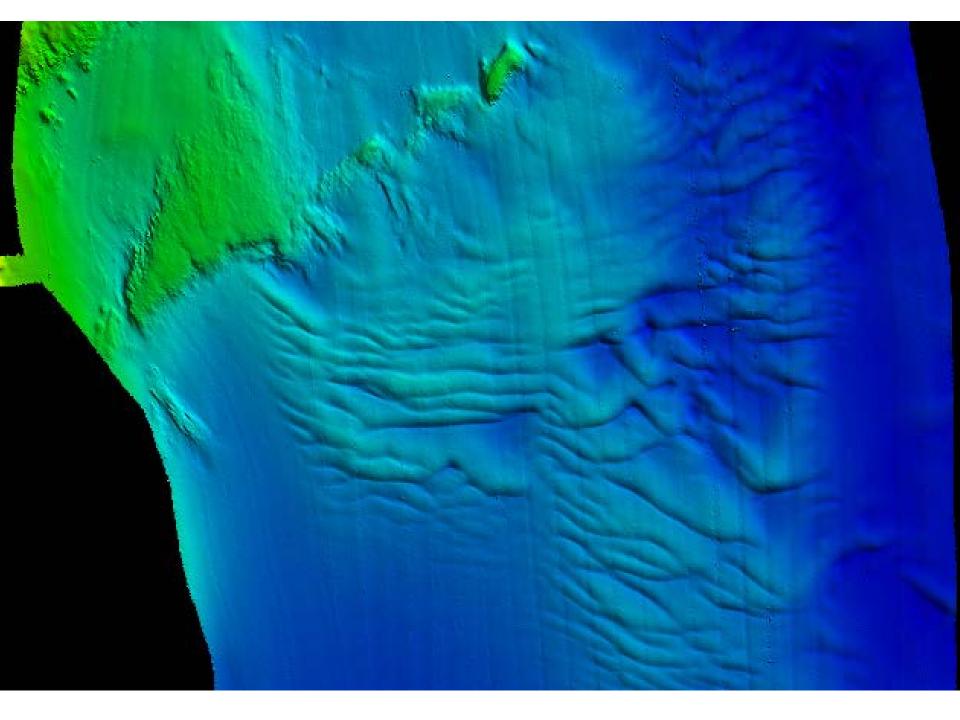
detached blister

The result

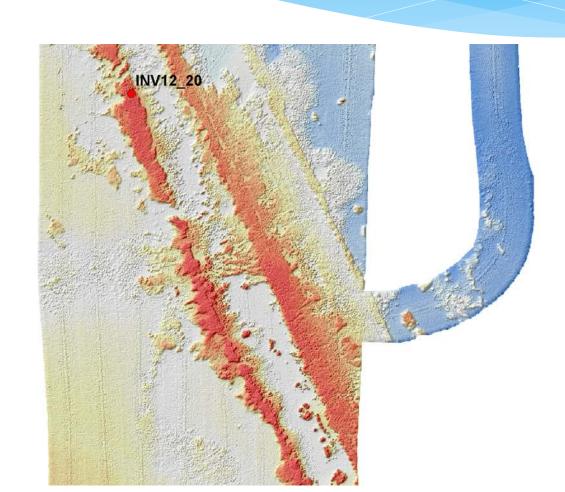
Kongsberg EM 710 (1x1) Multibeam echo sounder



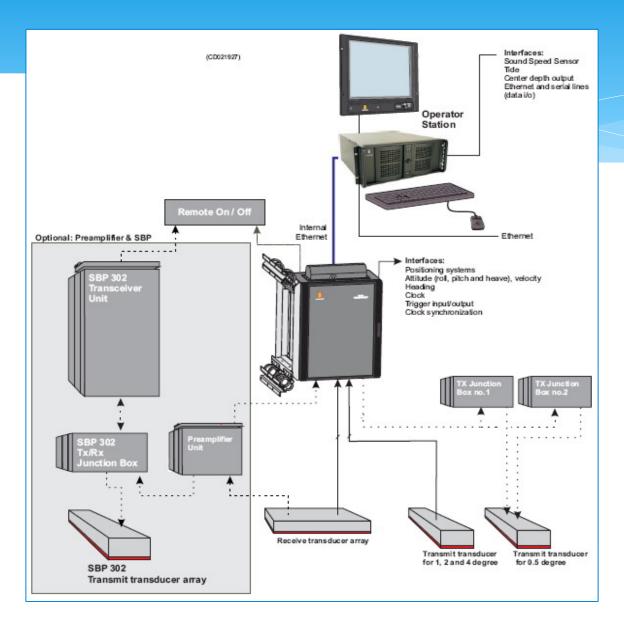




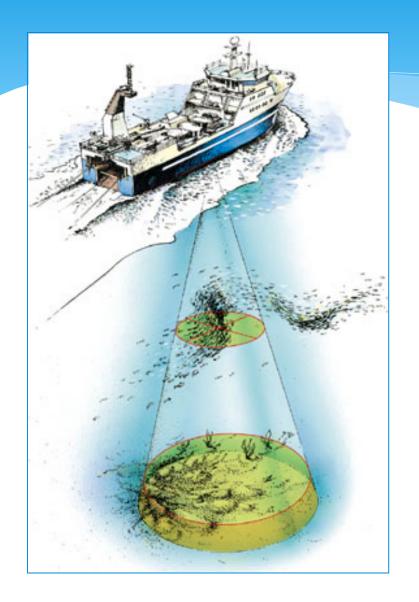
Backscatter and Habitat mapping

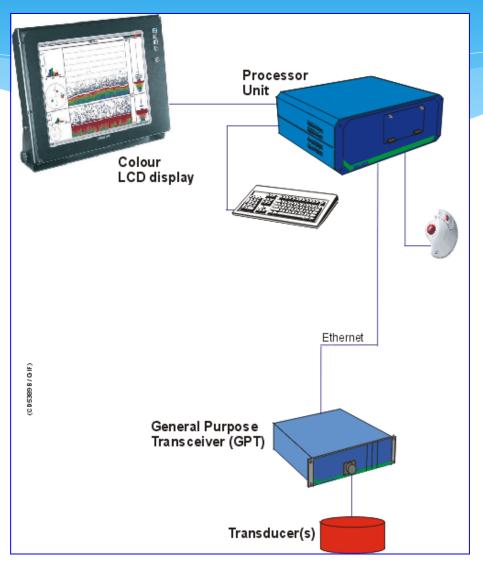


Kongsberg EM 302 (1x2) Multibeam echo sounder



Simrad EK60 Scientific Sounder system





OLD INSTALLATION

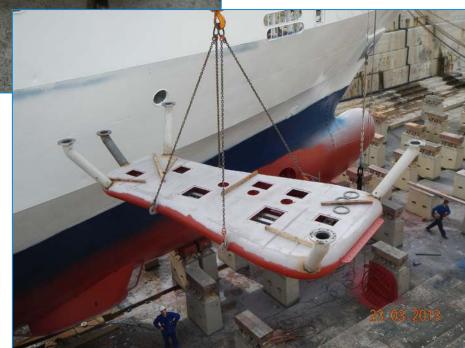
2009



21-23/03/2013







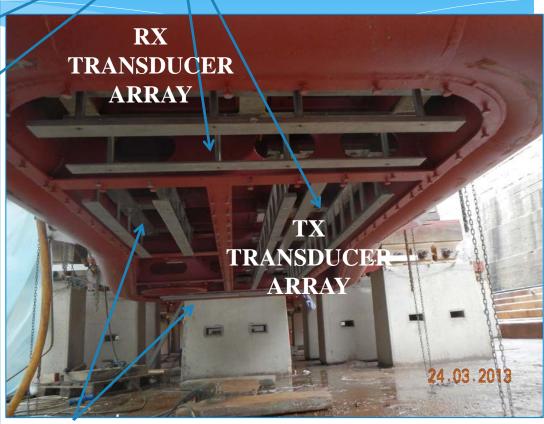




24/03/2013

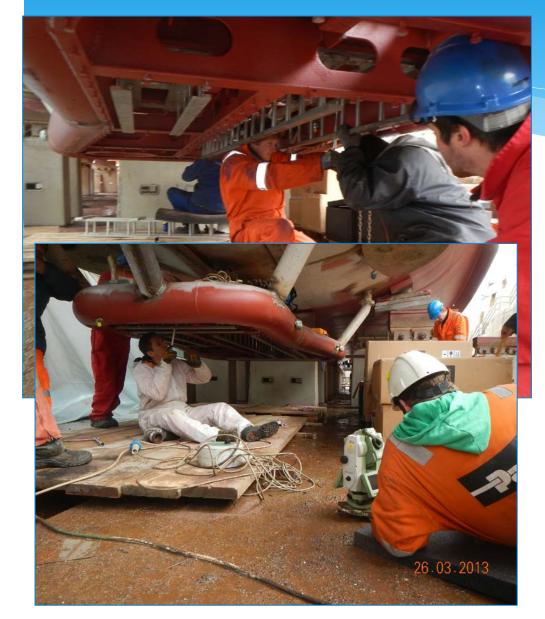
EM 302



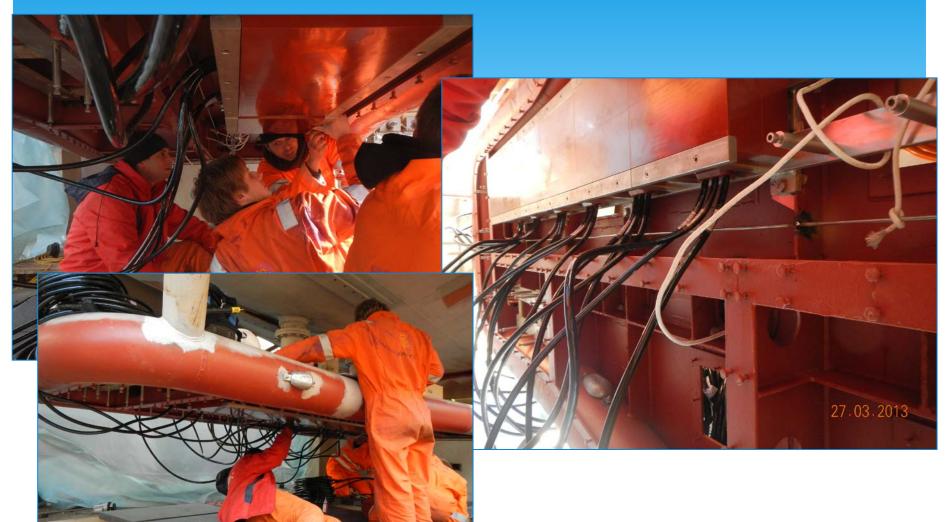


EM 710









28-29/03/2013





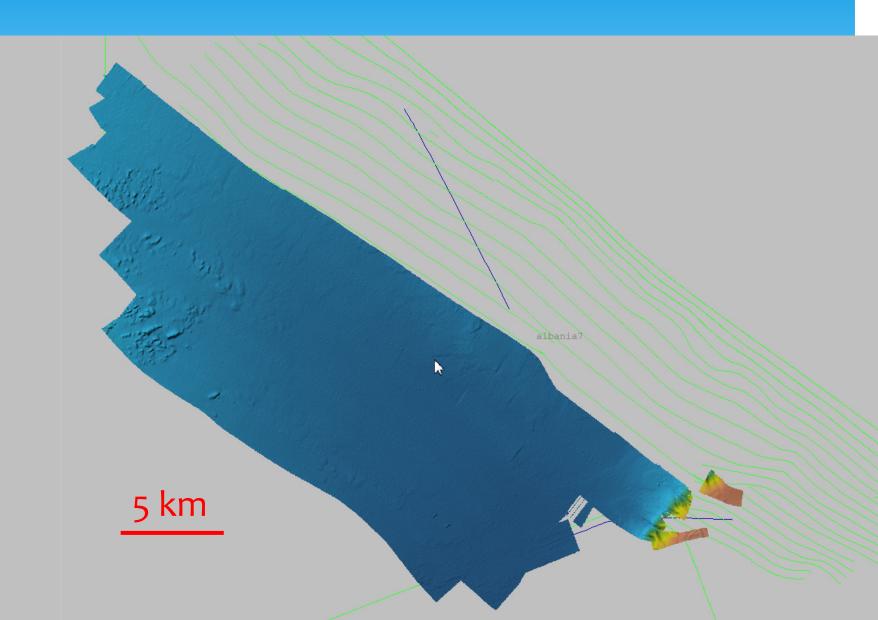




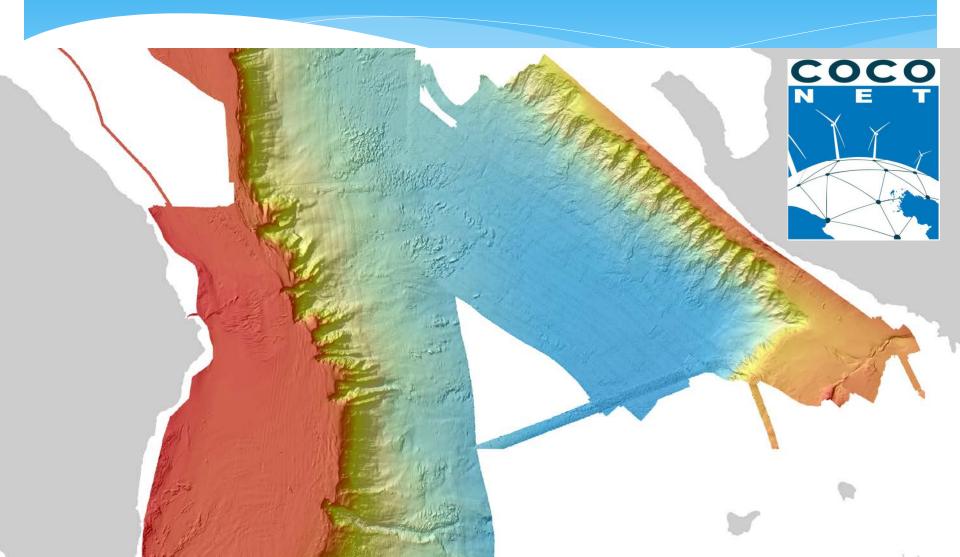




CALIBRATION AND PRELIMINARY RISULTS



COCONET "transnation" mapping

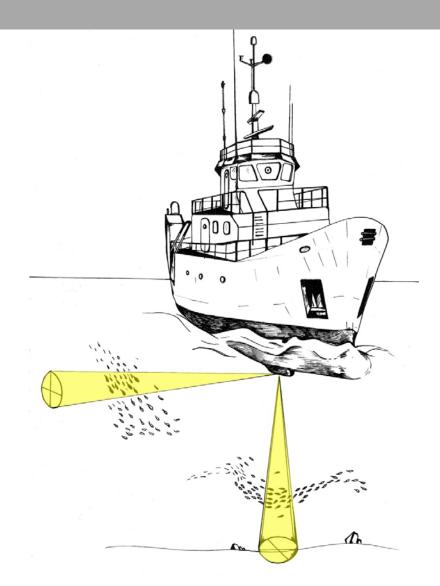


R/V G. Dallaporta blister upgrade

Leonori I.¹, De Felice A.¹, Biagiotti I.¹, Bonanno A.², Buglioni G.¹, Canduci G.¹, Giuliani G.¹





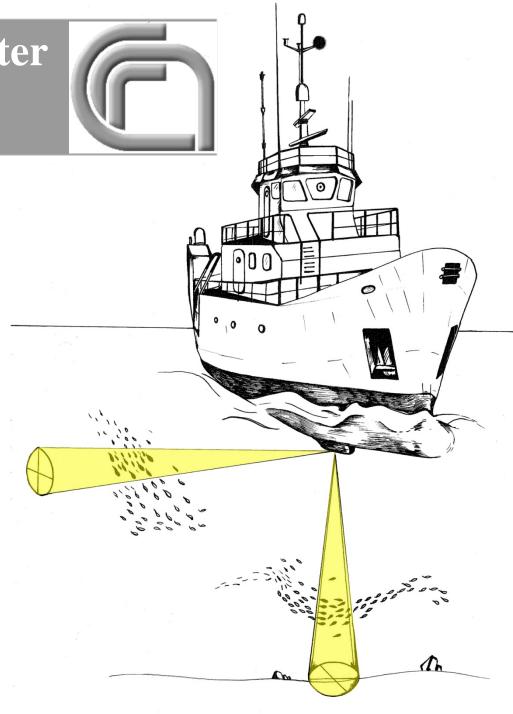


R/V G. Dallaporta blister upgrade

The new configuration in the blister of R/V G. Dallaporta has four transducers pointing downward (38, 70, 120 and 200 kHz), so that it is now possible to generate four acoustic beams in the water column and one (120 kHz) pointing starboard side.

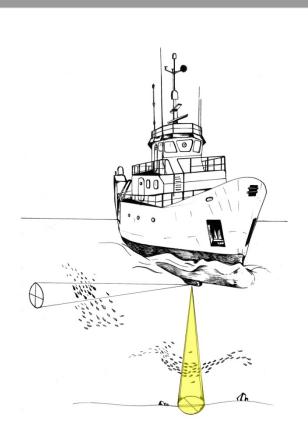
The more frequencies are in use the more possibilities we have to get a typical fingerprint for a certain group of organisms, for example fish with swimbladder, from the rest of organisms. Using multifrequency approach has also the potential in time to distinguish at species level inside a certain group, for example anchovy among small pelagic fish with swimbladder, even if the precision of this highly depend on the number of frequencies involved.

In this context the new configuration with four frequencies is a big upgrade respect to the previous one with only three.

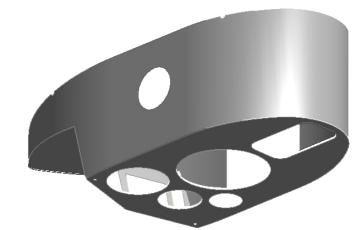


Upgrades in vertical beaming





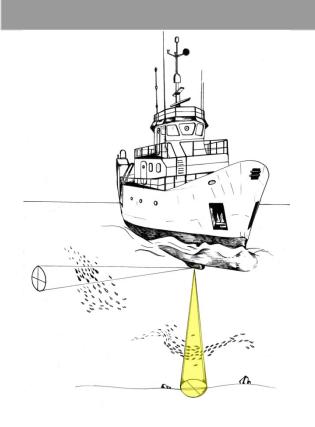
70 kHz transducer was added to cover the gap between 38 and 120 kHz.

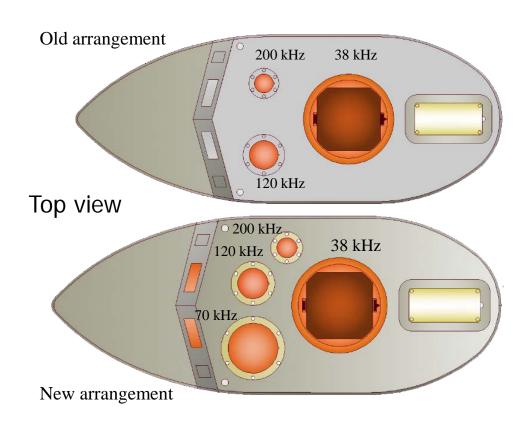




Upgrades in vertical beaming



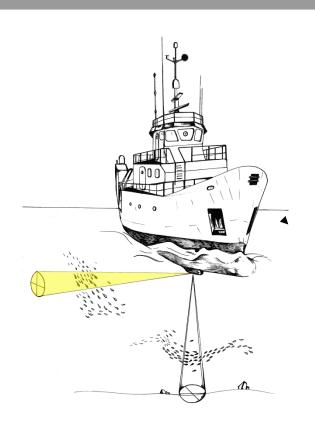




Transducers arrangement was done targeting maximum beams overlapping, a fundamental requirement for multifrequency analysis (Korneliussen *et al.*, 2008).

Side beaming



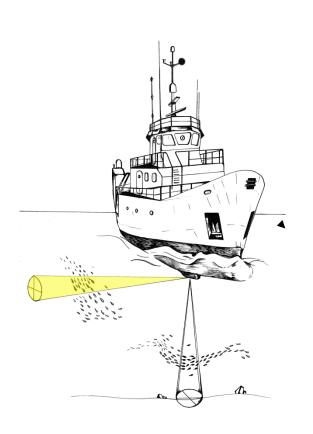




The addition of side-beaming at 120 kHz allows the acoustic investigation at a side of the ship with the main aim to fill the gap given by the transducer installation depth (draft) plus the Fresnel zone (interference from the transducer to the generation of the acoustic beam) that consist in a permanent blind zone that in the case of R/V Dallaporta is around 7 meters at 38 kHz.

Side beaming





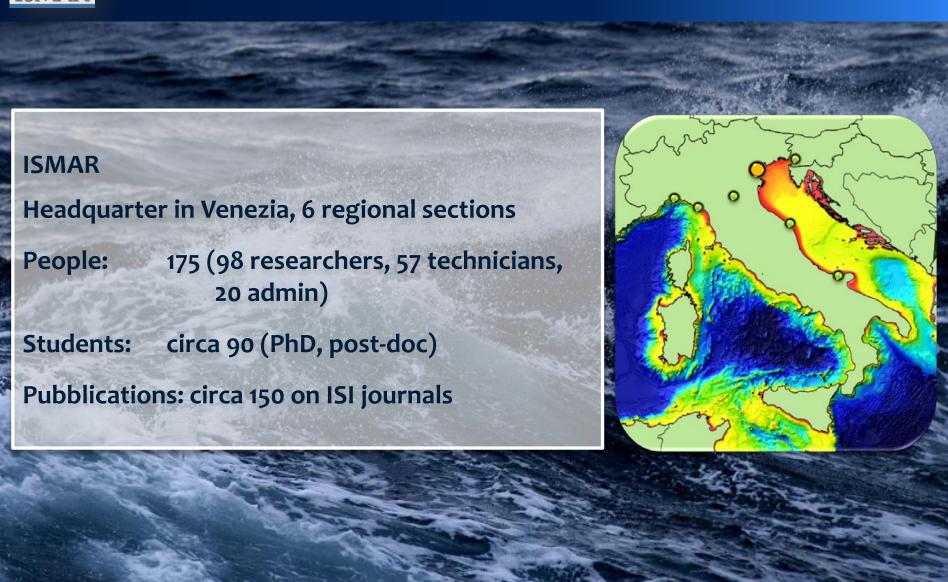


The information taken through this transducer will give an idea of fish presence in the first meters of the water column that normally are missed, possibly improving the data acquisition in the future; moreover the observation of animals like tunas and dolphins will be highly improved due to their prevalent localization in the surface layer.





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ISMAR OBSERVING SYSTEM

- Buoys, platforms, moorings
- Repeated hydrological transects (3-6 months)
- LTER stations
- Fishery observing system

